



# MatSing Lens vs Beamforming Comparison

MS-MBA-3-C4A3, MS-MBA-3-F4A3, 8T8R RevA, 8x8 (64T64R) RevA

# Overview

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- To show the practical limits based on physics of beamforming solutions MobileNet Services was tasked with propagating beamforming antennas 8x8 (64T64R) and 8T8R for 120-degree coverage along with MatSing MS-MBA-3-C4A3 / MS-MBA-3-F4A3 for 120-degree coverage.
  - 8x8 (64T64R) and 8T8R antenna models were simulated with EZNEC for the 0° elevation beams.
    - 8x8 (64T64R) is a 64-element array antenna
    - 8T8R is a 4-column array antenna
  - MatSing MS-MBA-3-C4A3 & MS-MBA-3-F4A3 are 4x4 MIMO capable 3-beam antennas.
- Based on propagation plots, 120-degree coverage from beam forming solutions is outside the high-performance range and closer to 60 degrees is more within practical limits.

# Design

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Forsk Atoll was used to run simulations with the following design information.

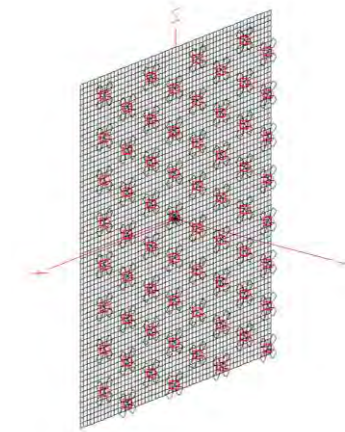
- An existing site was used from a 70-site cluster
- Center frequency: 3.795 GHz
- Antenna Height: 29m
- PA Power: 20W (43dBm)
- 3° mechanical downtilt on beamforming antennas.
- 3° downtilt on each MS-MBA-3-C4A3 beam.
- Standard Propagation model used was calibrated for the region.
- 5m terrain and clutter files were used for propagation modeling.

# 8x8 (64T64R) and 8T8R Beamforming Antennas

- 8x8 (64T64R) and 8T8R patterns simulated with EZNEC tool
- 8x8 (64T64R) is a 64-element array antenna

- Antenna Size: 224 x 800 mm
- Column Spacing:  $0.65 \lambda$  at 3.7 GHz, 52.8mm
- Vertical Element Spacing:  $0.8 \lambda$  at 3.7 GHz, 64mm

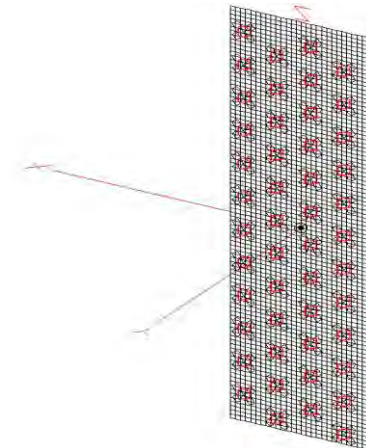
8x8 (64T64R)					
Scan Angle (deg)	Gain (dBi)	AZ BW (deg)	EL BW (deg)	SPR (%)	SPR (dB)
$\pm 52.5^\circ$	16.9	no meaning	8.1	80.1	-1
$\pm 37.5^\circ$	20.8	12.6	8.2	49.1	-3.1
$\pm 22.5^\circ$	23.5	10.8	8.2	14.6	-8.4
$\pm 7.5^\circ$	23.9	9.9	8.1	9.2	-10.4



- 8T8R is a 4-column array antenna

- Antenna Size: 430 x 520 mm
- Column Spacing:  $0.65 \lambda$  at 3.7 GHz, 52.8mm
- Vertical Element Spacing:  $0.8 \lambda$  at 3.7 GHz, 64mm

8T8R				
Scan Angle (deg)	Gain (dBi)	BW (deg)	SPR (%)	SPR (dB)
$\pm 45^\circ$	17.8	20	67.9	-1.7
$\pm 30^\circ$	20.5	21	37	-4.3
$\pm 15^\circ$	22.1	19	14.3	-8.5
$0^\circ$	22.3	18	12.6	-9

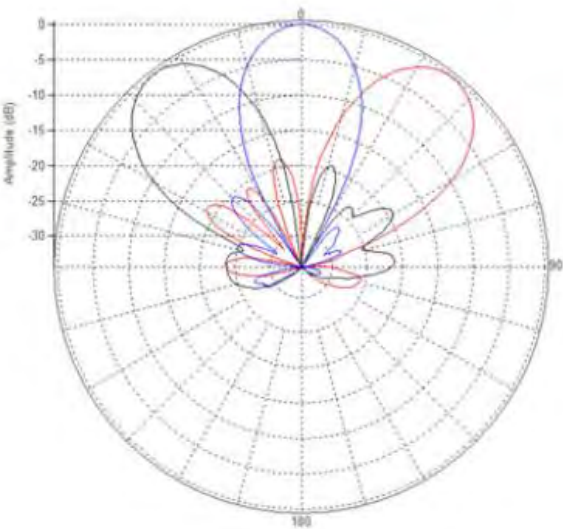


# MatSing MS-MBA-3-C4A3

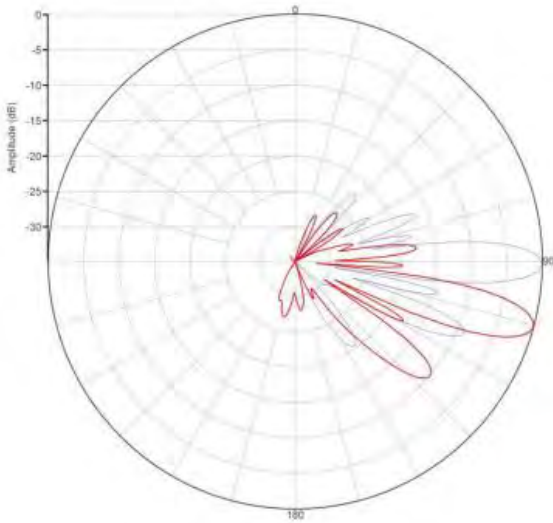
- Three beam antenna
  - Beam Azimuths
    - -40°, 0°, 40°

**PATTERN RESULTS:**

**C-Band Horizontal Pattern (3.7GHz)**



**C-Band Vertical Pattern at 0° and 15° Tilt (3.7GHz)**

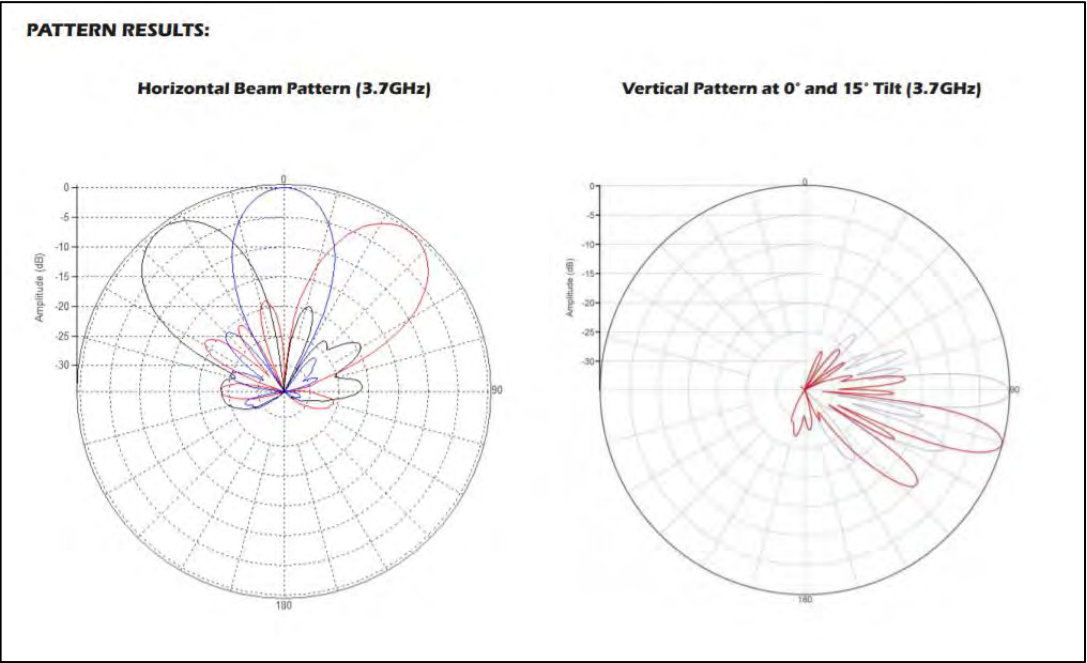


TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS PER BEAM	
Frequency	3700 MHz - 4200 MHz
Gain	20.5dBi
VSWR	< 1.5:1
Polarization	Dual Slant ±45°
Horizontal Coverage	120°
Horizontal Beamwidth (3dB/10dB)	25°/45°
Vertical Beamwidth (3dB)	8°
Beam Crossover	8 dB typical
Total Number of Beams	3
Number of Ports per Beam	4
Total Number of Ports	12
Tilt per Cross-Pol	0°-15°
USLS (Upper Sidelobe Suppression)	16 dB
Front to Back Ratio	28 dB
Isolation Port to Port - Polarization	28 dB
Isolation Port to Port - Beam	28 dB
Power Rating	150W per port
Intermodulation	< -153dBc
Impedance	50 Ohm
Connector Quantity and Type	12 x 4.3-10 female



# MatSing MS-MBA-3-F4A3

- Three beam antenna
  - Beam Azimuths
    - -40°, 0°, 40°



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS PER BEAM	
Frequency	3300 MHz - 4200 MHz
Gain	20dBi
VSWR	< 1.5:1
Polarization	Dual Slant ±45°
Horizontal Coverage	120°
Horizontal Beamwidth (3dB/10dB)	25°/45°
Vertical Beamwidth (3dB)	8°
Beam Crossover	8 dB typical
Total Number of Beams	3
Number of Ports per Beam	4
Total Number of Ports	12
Tilt per Cross-Pol	0°-15°
USLS (Upper Sidelobe Suppression)	16 dB
Front to Back Ratio	28 dB
Isolation Port to Port - Polarization	28 dB
Isolation Port to Port - Beam	28 dB
Power Rating	150W per port
Intermodulation	< -153dBc
Impedance	50 Ohm
Connector Quantity and Type	12 x 4.3-10 female

# Sector Power Ratio

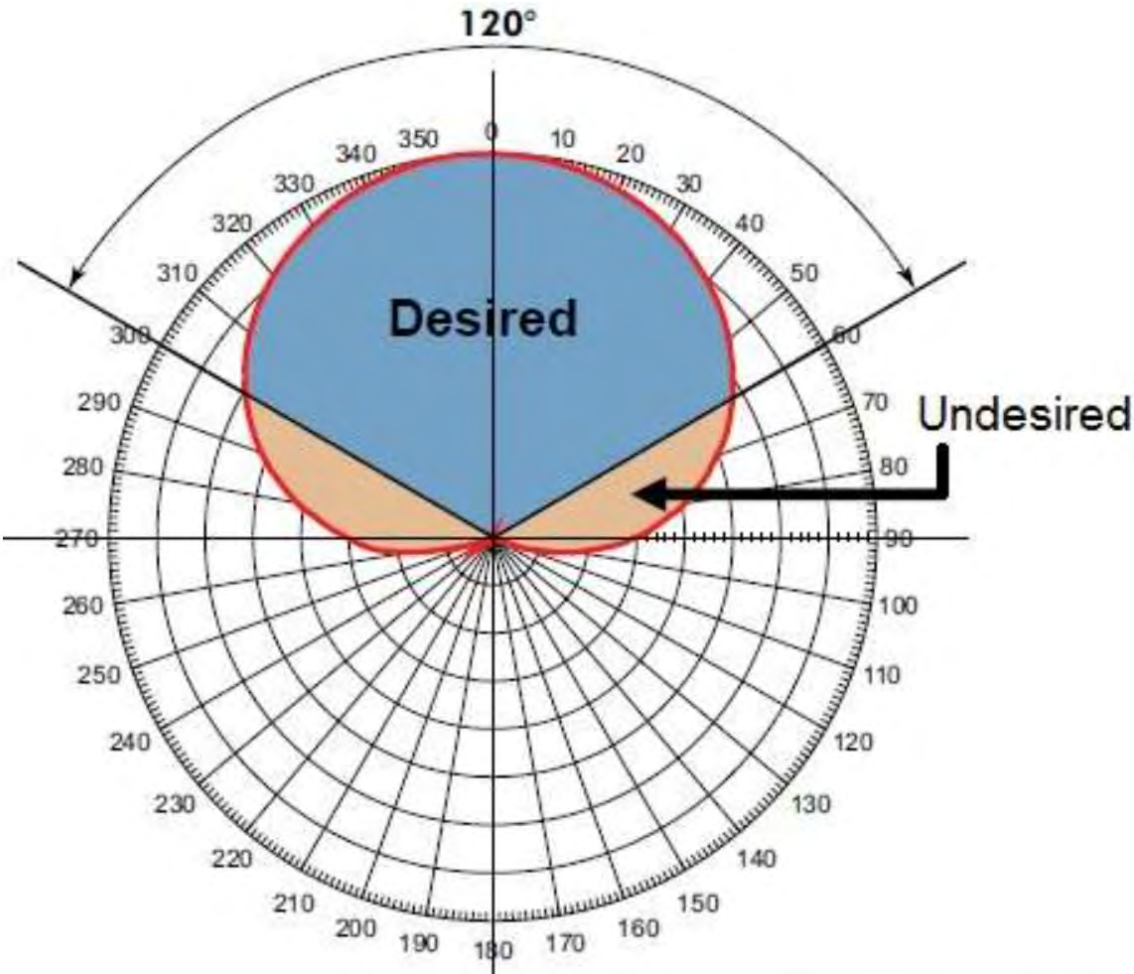
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- SPR is calculated according to the CommScope standard definition
  - Ratio of the summed power outside of the sector to the power inside and outside of the sector.
- 8T8R – SPR is calculated with an assumed 30° sector. This is the approximate 10dB beamwidth of an 8T8R beam where 4 beams would cover a 120° sector of a 3-sector site.
- 8x8 (64T64R) – SPR is calculated with an assumed 15° sector. This is the approximate 10dB beamwidth of an 8x8 (64T64R) beam where 8 beams would cover a 120° sector of a 3-sector site.
- MatSing 3 Beam calculated with 40° sector where 3 beams would cover 120° sector of a 3-sector site.

# Sector Power Ratio (cont.)

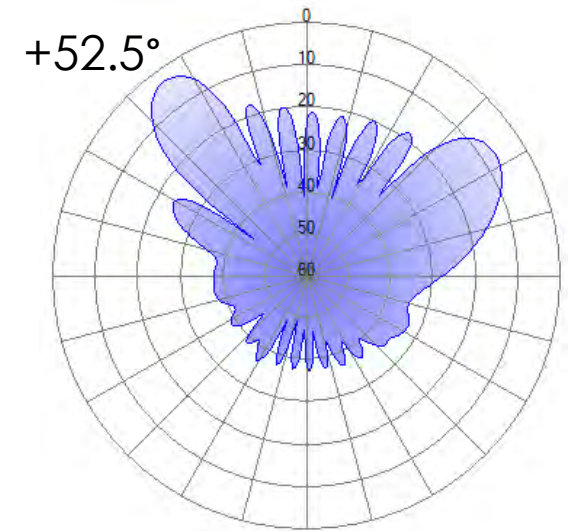
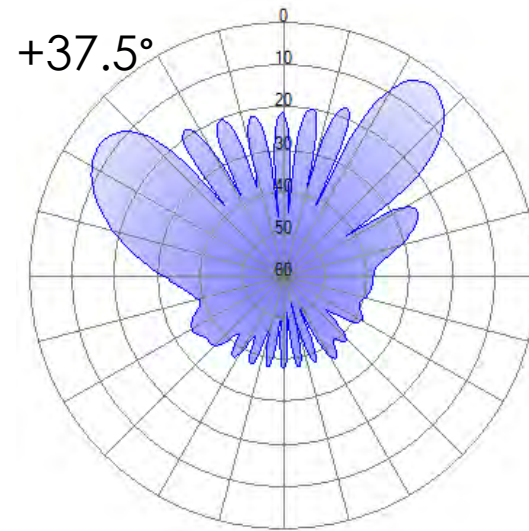
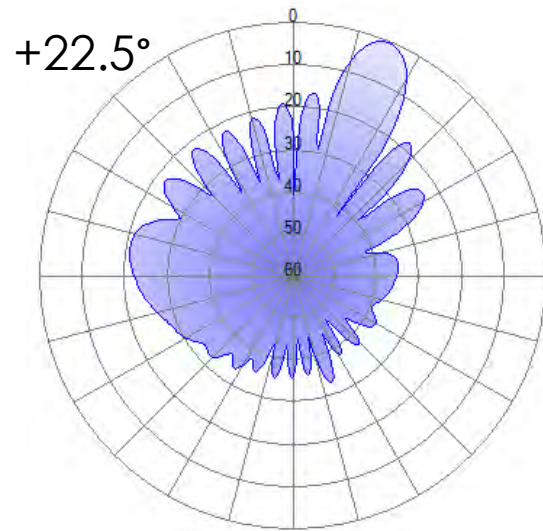
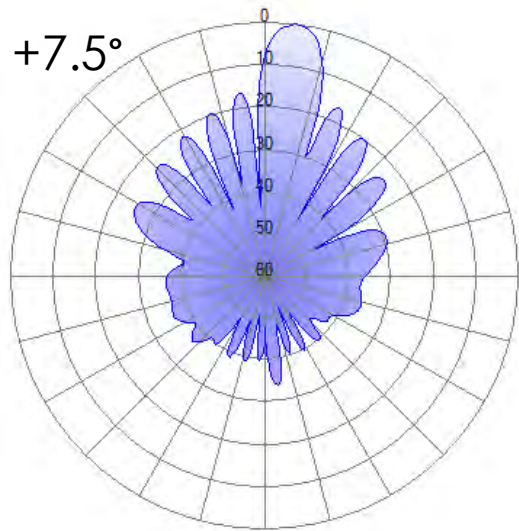
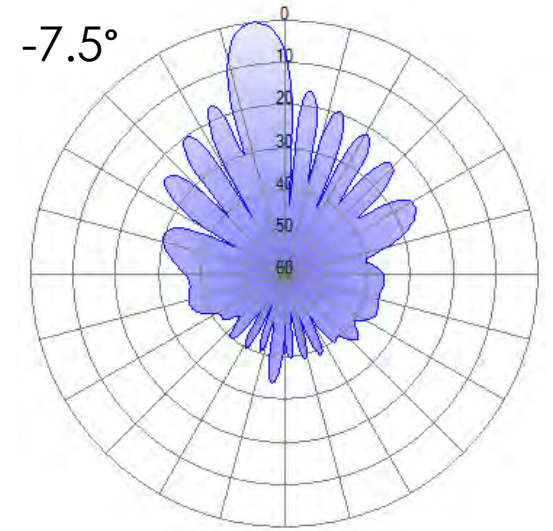
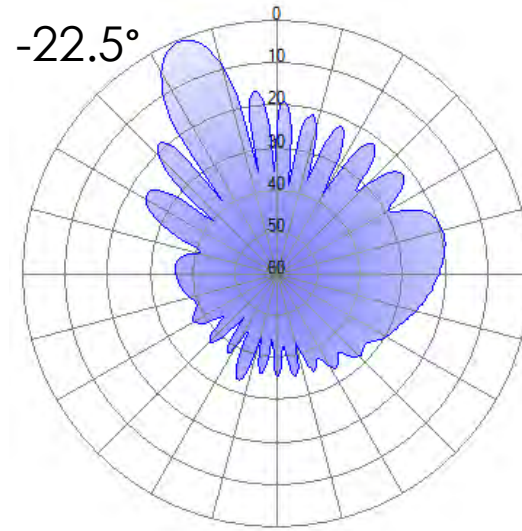
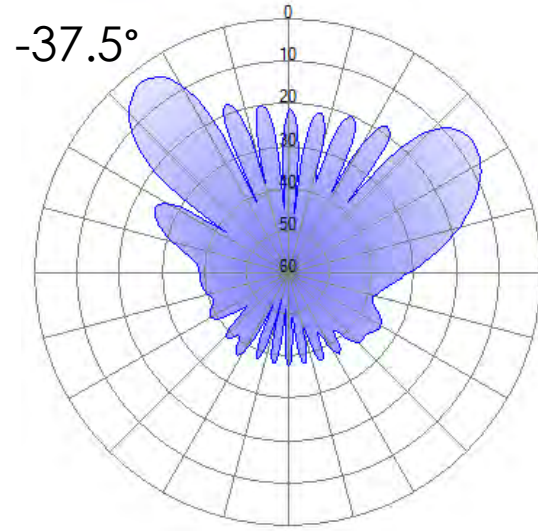
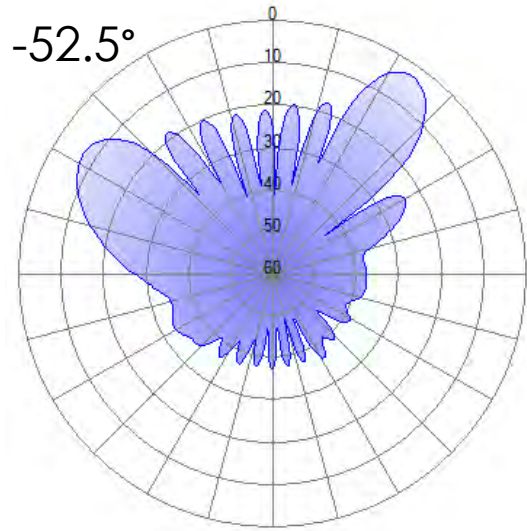
- 10% SPR good not to exceed target for antenna (90% energy within sector)

	Best Case SPR	Worse Case SPR	Average SPR
MatSing 3 Beam	5%	5%	5%
8x8 (64T64R) Active Array	9%	80%	38%
8T8R	12%	67%	32%



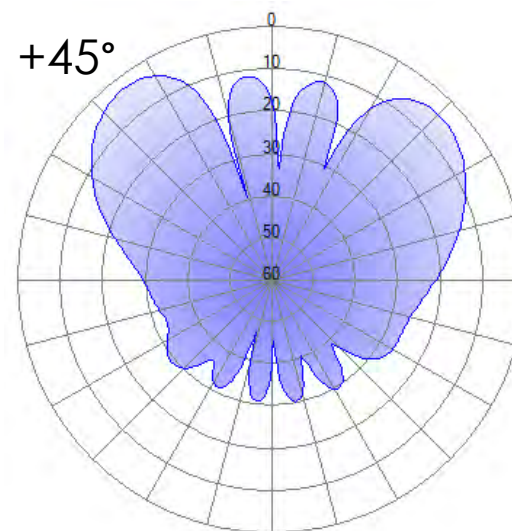
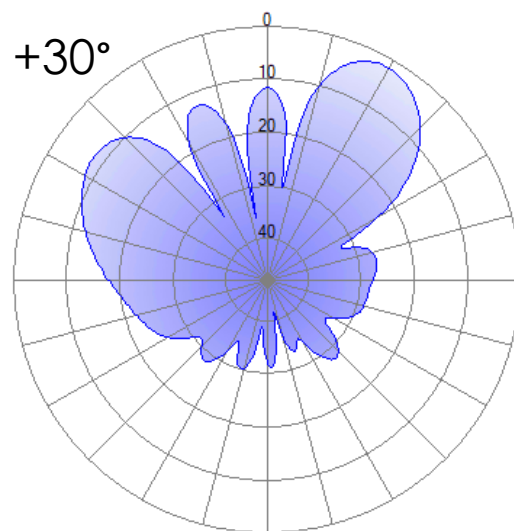
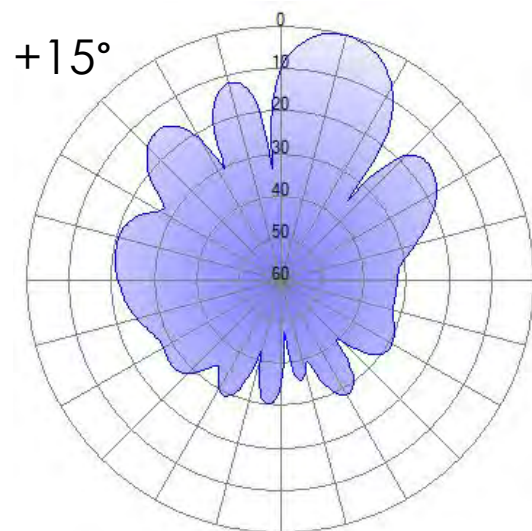
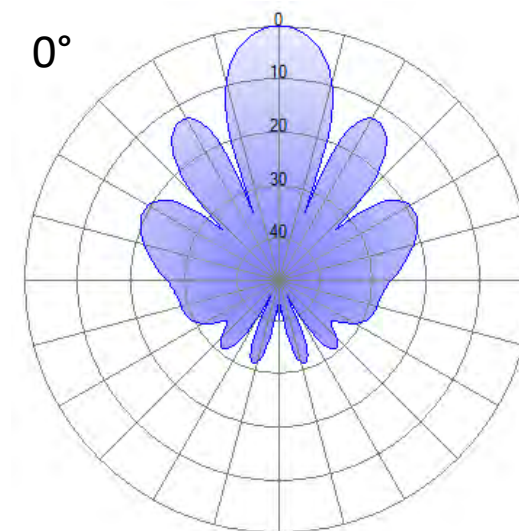
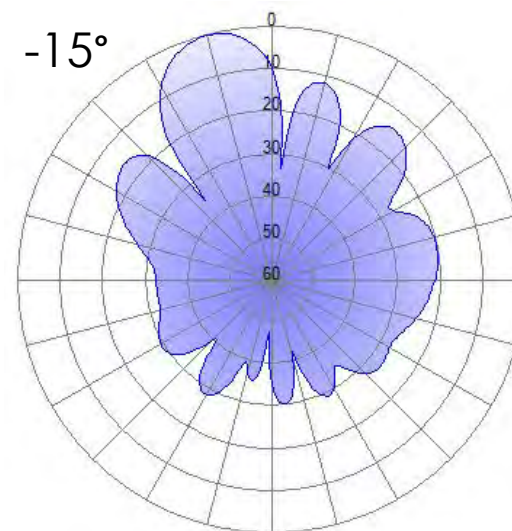
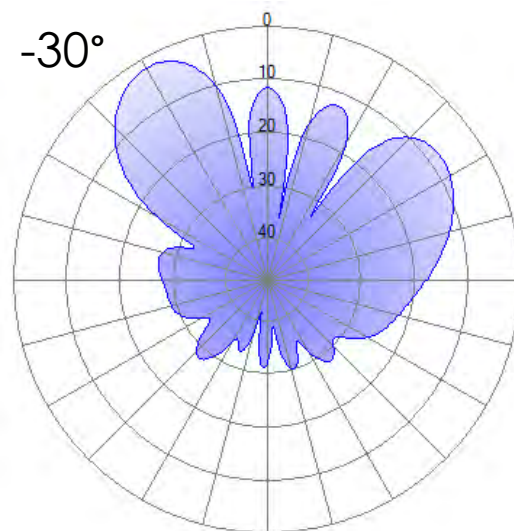
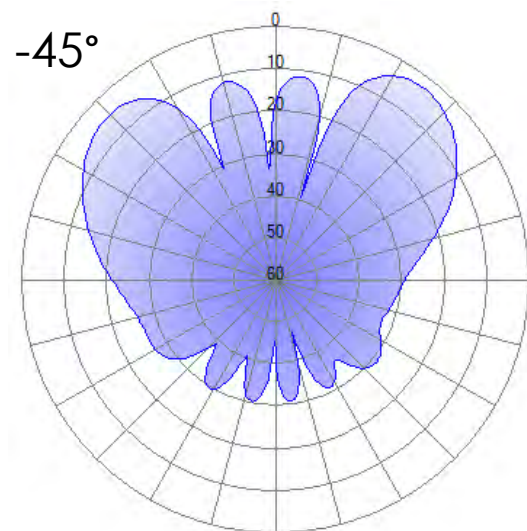


# 8x8 (64T64R) Horizontal Patterns (Reference Gain 23.94dBi)





# 8T8R Horizontal Patterns (Reference Gain 22.3dBi)



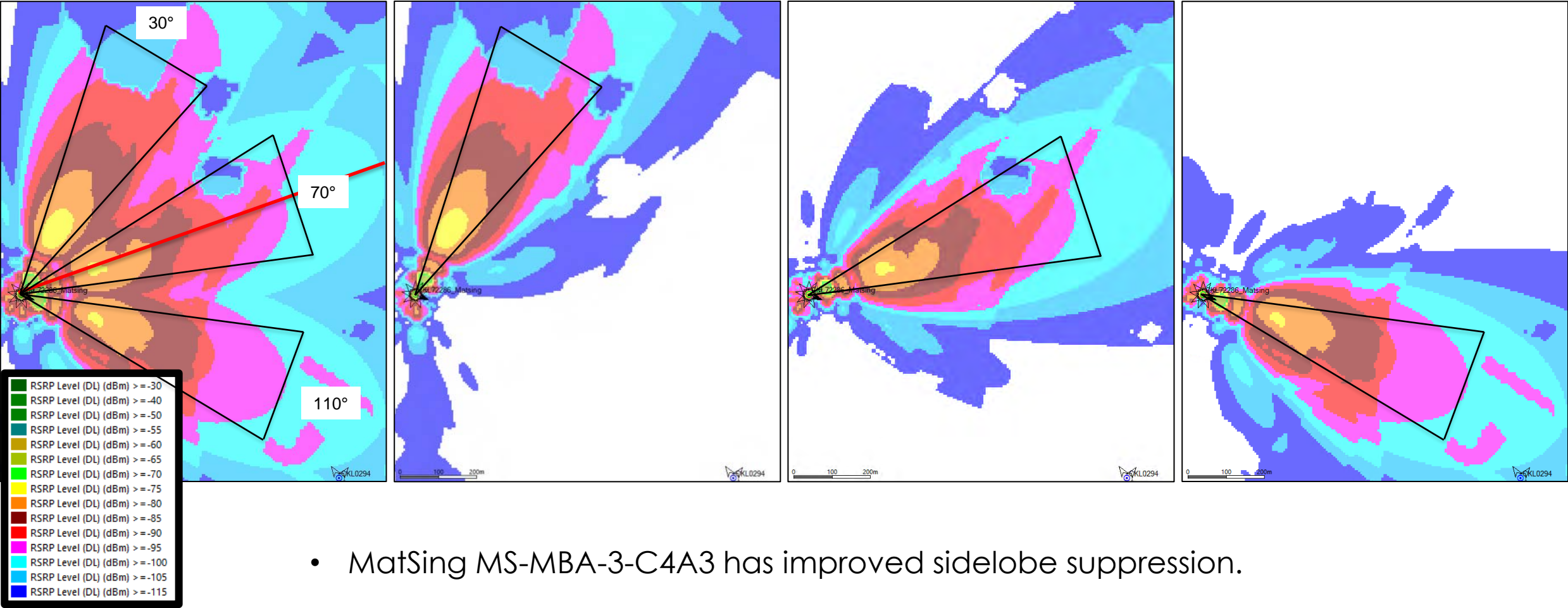
# MS-MBA-3-C4A3

All Beams
70° Antenna Boresite

Beam 1	
Azimuth	30°

Beam 2	
Azimuth	70°

Beam 2	
Azimuth	110°





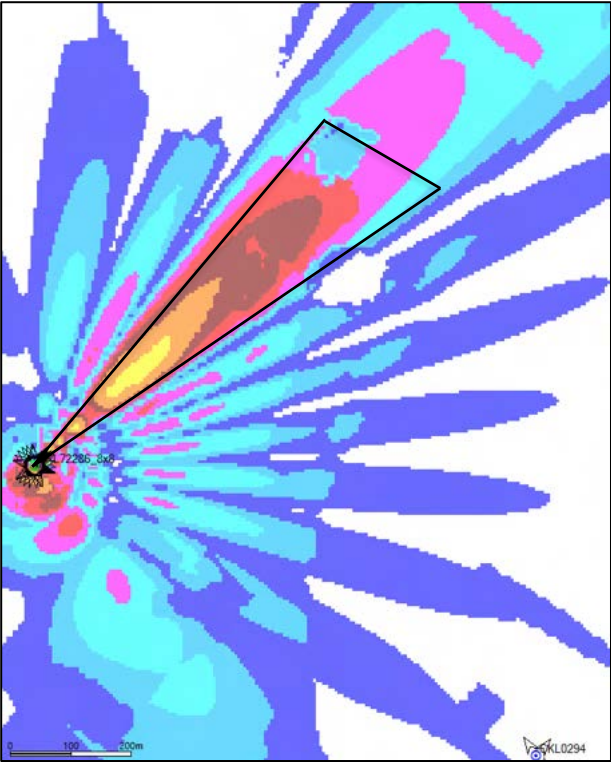
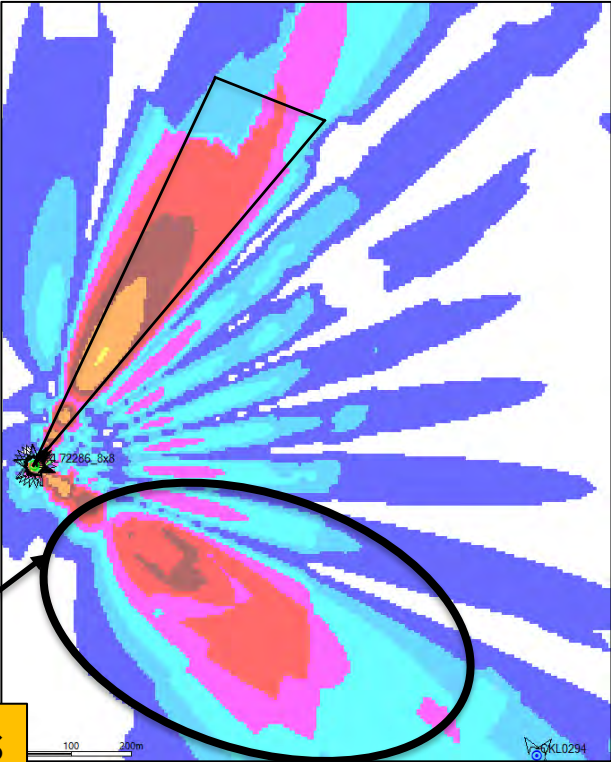
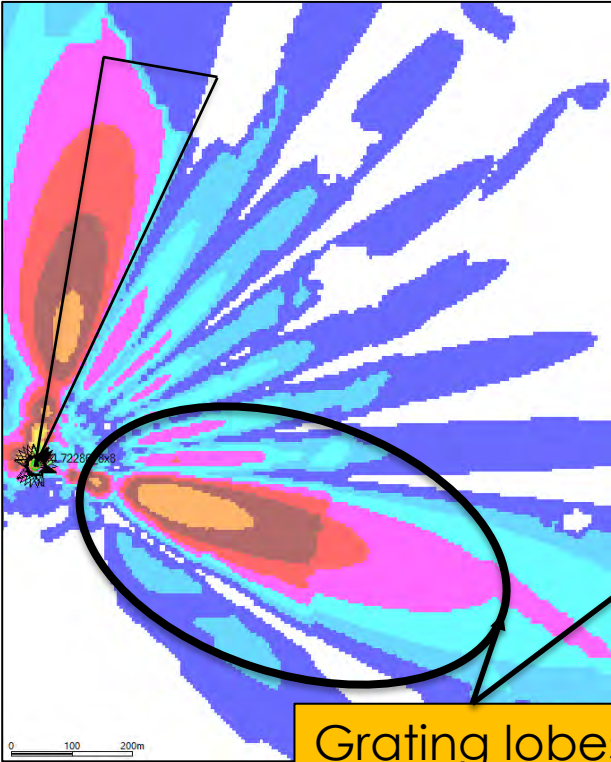
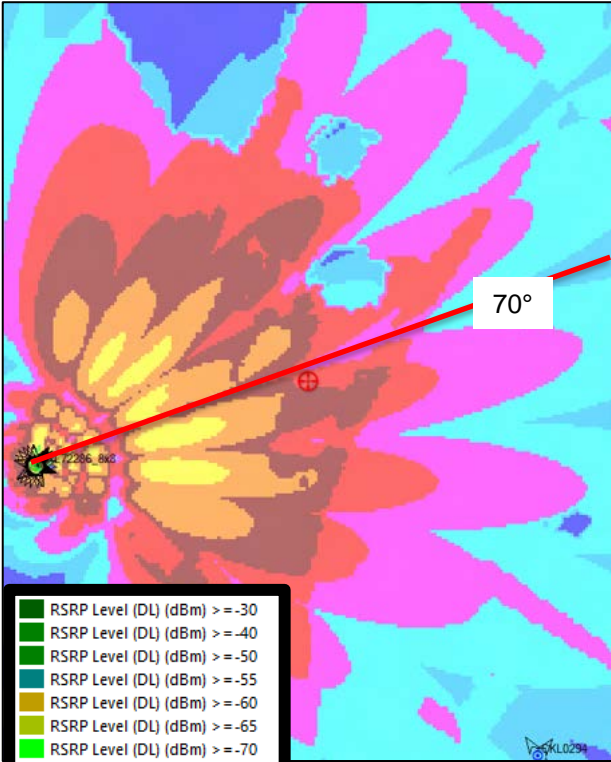
# 8x8 (64T64R) Beamforming Antenna

Composite Beams
70° Antenna Boresite

-52.5° Beam	
Azimuth	17.5°
SPR	80.1%

-37.5° Beam	
Azimuth	32.5°
SPR	49.1%

-22.5° Beam	
Azimuth	47.5°
SPR	14.6%



Grating lobe higher than main beam

Large grating lobe

- 8x8 (64T64R) has large grating lobes on the  $\pm 52.5^\circ$  and  $\pm 37.5^\circ$  beams.

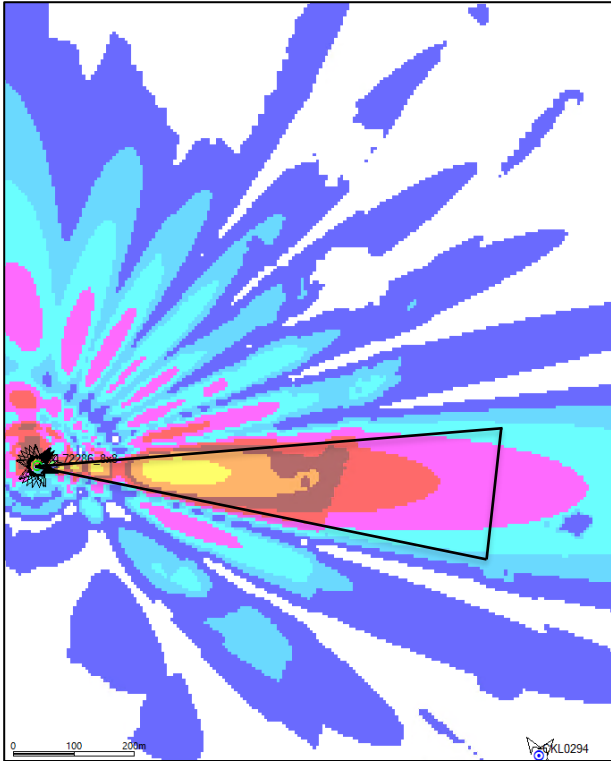
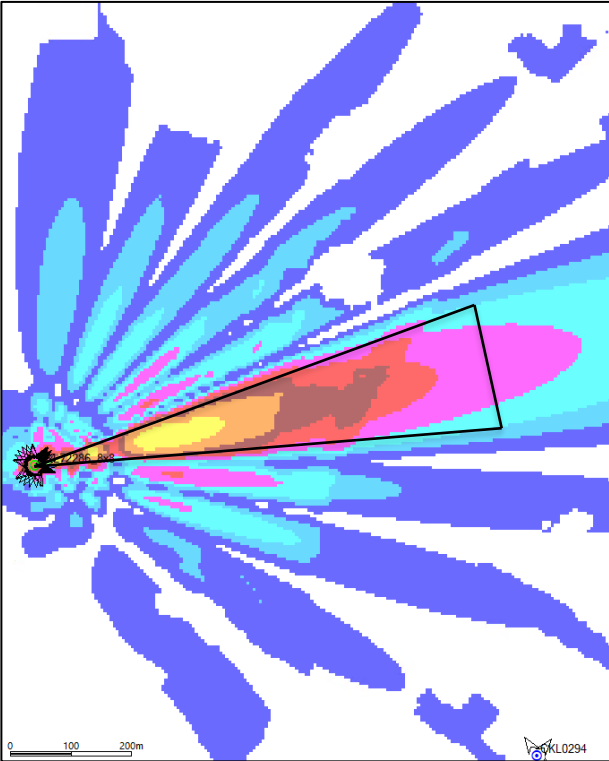
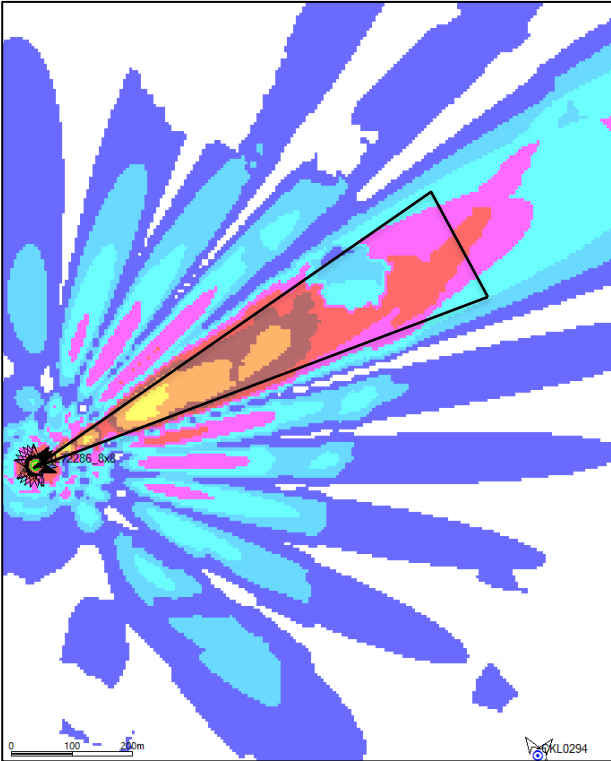
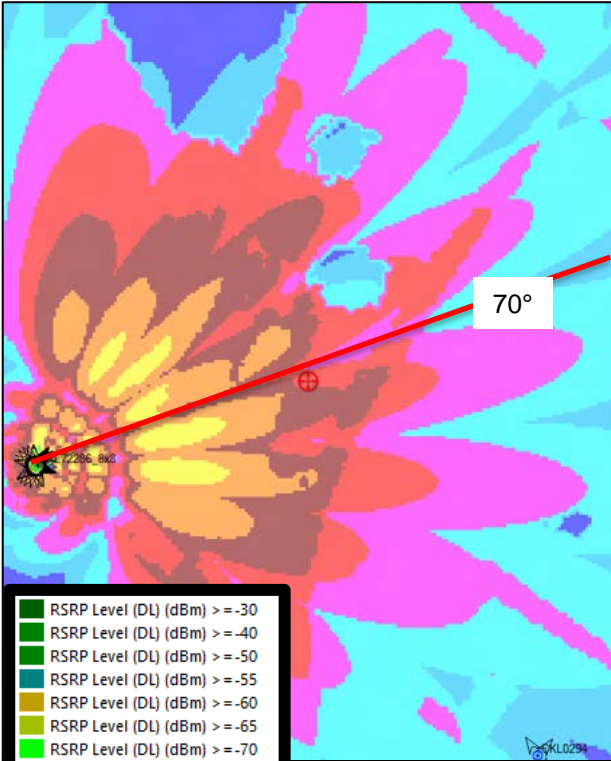
# 8x8 (64T64R) Beamforming Antenna

Composite Beams
70° Antenna Boresite

-7.5° Beam	
Azimuth	62.5°
SPR	9.2%

+7.5° Beam	
Azimuth	77.5°
SPR	9.2%

+22.5° Beam	
Azimuth	92.5°
SPR	14.6%



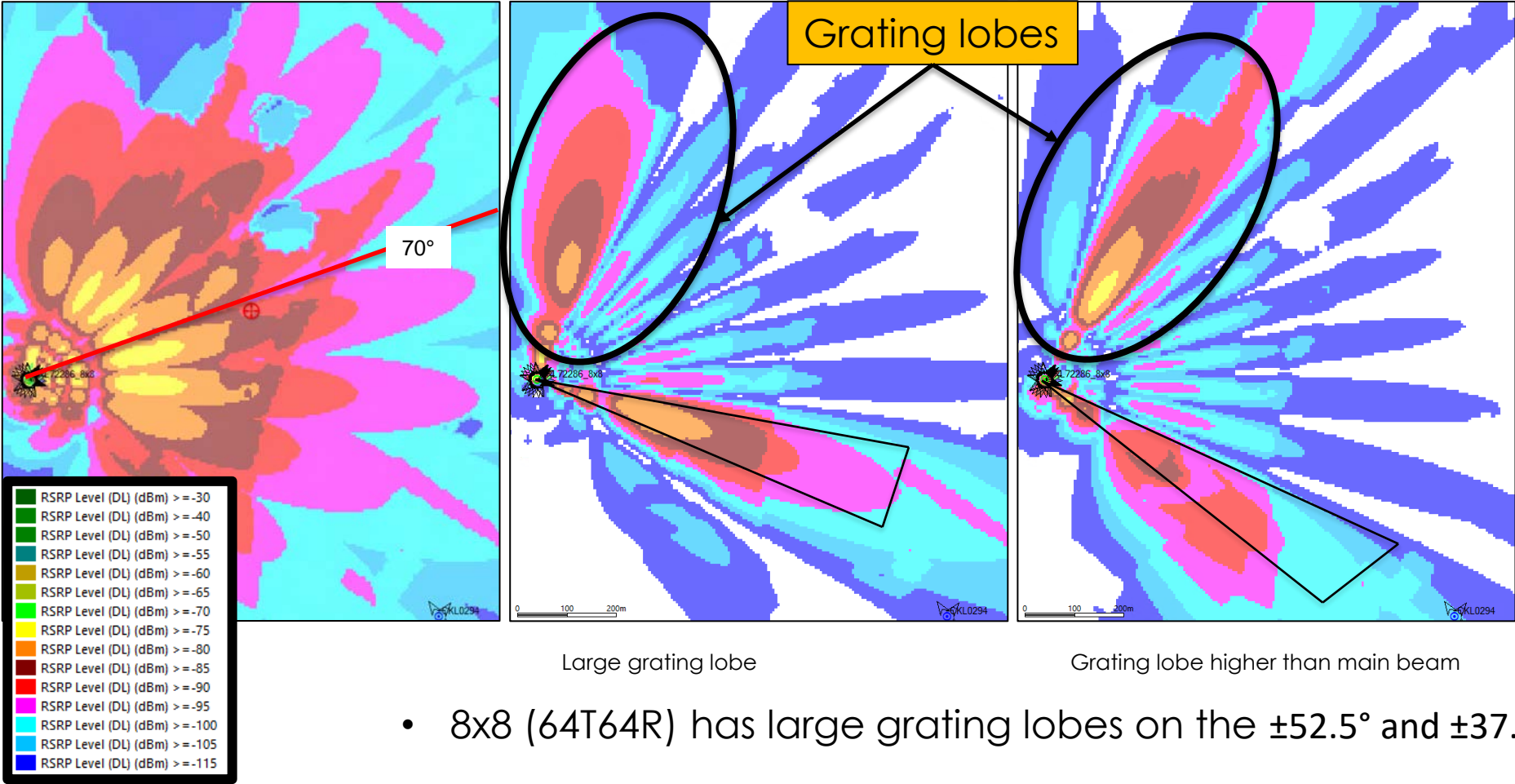


# 8x8 (64T64R) Beamforming Antenna

Composite Beams
70° Antenna Boresite

+37.5° Beam	
Azimuth	107.5°
SPR	49.1%

+52.5° Beam	
Azimuth	122.5°
SPR	80.1%



- 8x8 (64T64R) has large grating lobes on the  $\pm 52.5^\circ$  and  $\pm 37.5^\circ$  beams.

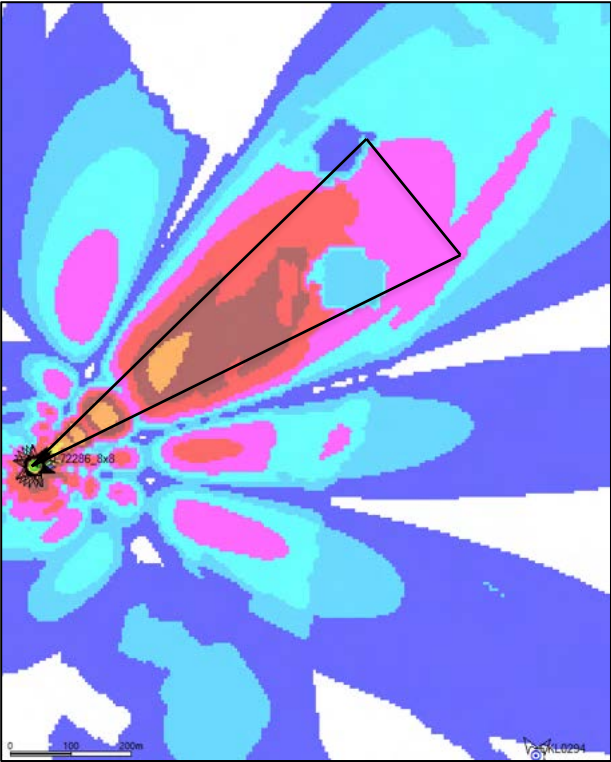
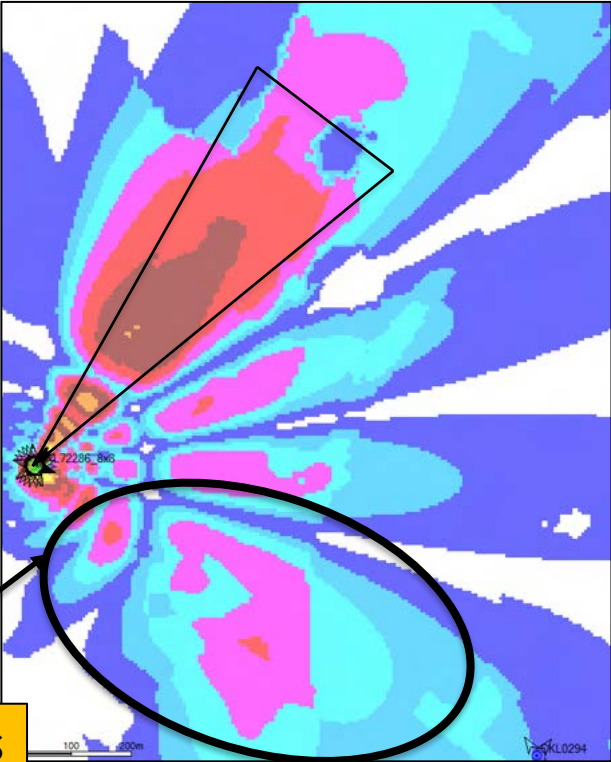
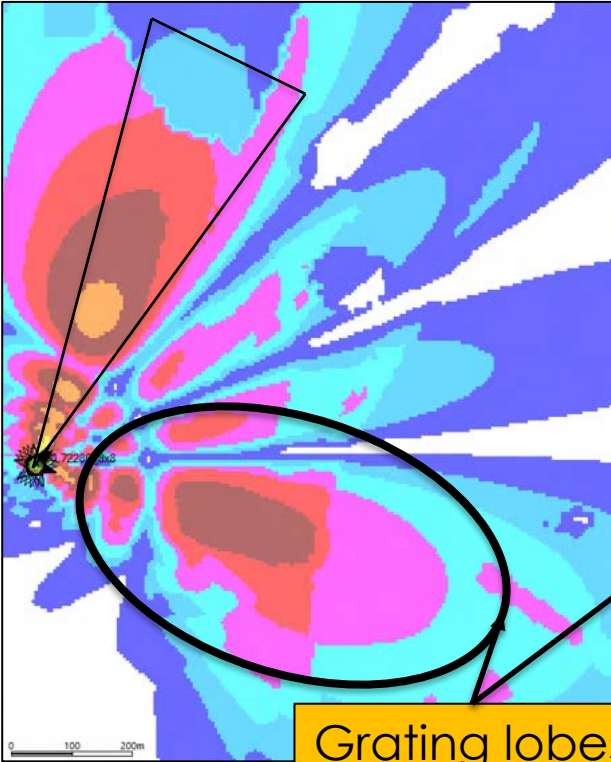
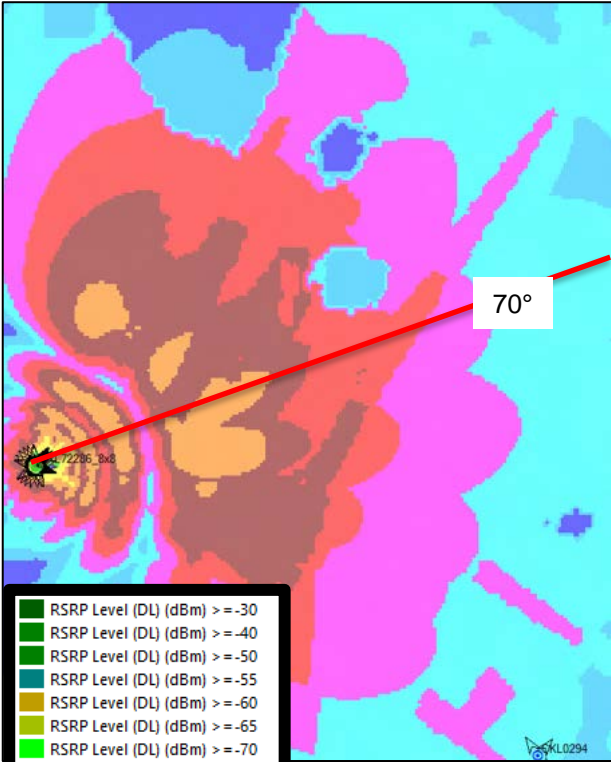
# 8T8R Beamforming Antenna

Composite Beams
70° Antenna Boresite

-45° Beam	
Azimuth	25°
SPR	67.9%

-30° Beam	
Azimuth	40°
SPR	37.0%

-15° Beam	
Azimuth	55°
SPR	14.3%



Grating lobe higher than main beam

Large grating lobe

- 8T8R has large grating lobes on the  $\pm 45^\circ$  and  $\pm 30^\circ$  beams.



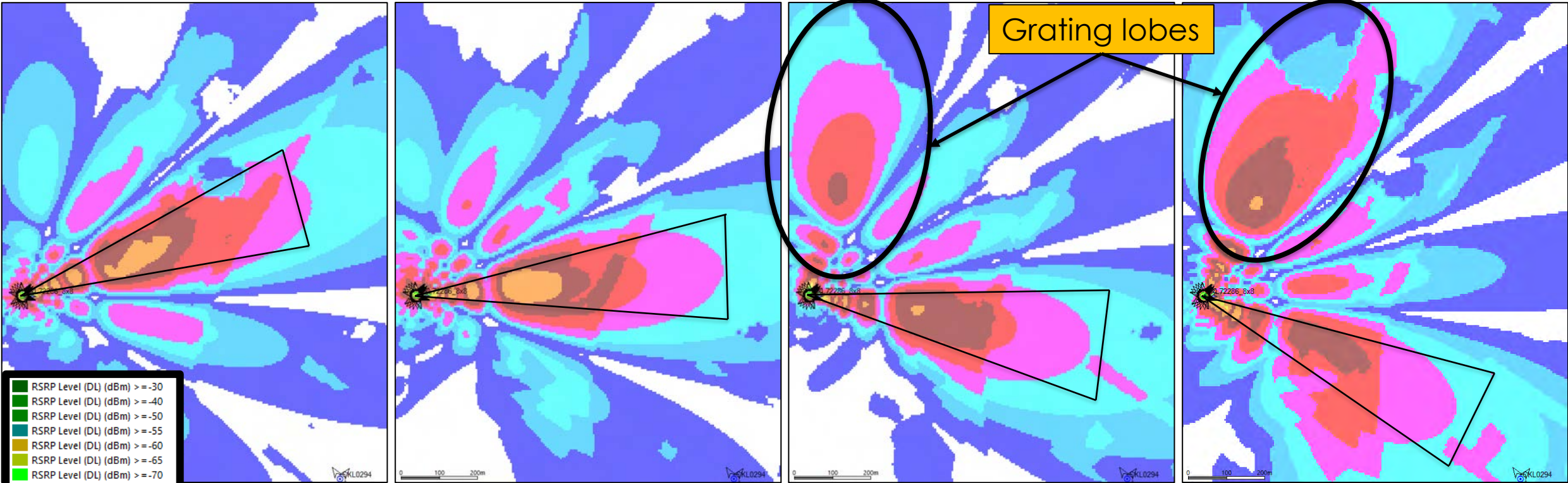
# 8T8R Beamforming Antenna

0° Beam	
Azimuth	70°
SPR	12.6%

+15° Beam	
Azimuth	85°
SPR	14.3%

+30° Beam	
Azimuth	100°
SPR	37.0%

+45° Beam	
Azimuth	115°
SPR	67.9%



Large grating lobe

Grating lobe higher than main beam

- 8T8R has large grating lobes on the  $\pm 45^\circ$  and  $\pm 30^\circ$  beams.

# Summary

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- The beams on the beamforming antennas, 8x8 (64T64R) and 8T8R, oriented farthest from boresight have the highest sector power ratios.
- This results in large grating lobes on the  $\pm 52.5^\circ$  and  $\pm 37.5^\circ$  beams of the 8x8 (64T64R) antenna and on the  $\pm 45^\circ$  and  $\pm 30^\circ$  beams of the 8T8R antenna.
- Some useful tools when designing with MatSing antennas can be found in following location:
  - <https://matsing.com/tools>
  - [MBA 3&4 BEAM 8T8R RRH CONFIGURATION](#)

# Thank You

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